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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/618,957	07/14/2003	Mitsushi Yamamoto	UNIU79.013AUS	6418	
20995 · 759	90 10/21/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
	RTENS OLSON &	AHMAD, NASSER			
2040 MAIN ST FOURTEENTH	- <del></del> -		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
IRVINE, CA 92614			1772		

DATE MAILED: 10/21/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/618,957	YAMAMOTO ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Nasser Ahmad	1772			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period value or reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	l.  lely filed  the mailing date of this communication.  O (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
<ul> <li>1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 O</li> <li>2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This</li> <li>3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E</li> </ul>	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 8 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray  5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☐ Claim(s) 8 is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	epted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do St.				

Application/Control Number: 10/618,957 Page 2

Art Unit: 1772

### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Indicated Allowability and Finality Withdrawn

1. Upon further consideration and a review of the claimed subject matter and in view of the newly uncovered art, the indicated Allowability of claim 8 and the Finality of the last Office Action is being withdrawn.

Prosecution is being reopened and a complete Office Action on the merit follows:

### Rejections Withdrawn

- 2. Claims 1-2 and 7 rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takei made in the last Office Action of July 8, 2005 has been withdrawn in view of the amendment filed on October 11, 2005.
- 3. Claims 4 and 6 rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sugawara in view of Takei in the last Office Action has been withdrawn in view of the amendment.
- 4. Claims 3 and 5 rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over Koyama in view of Takei in the last Office Action has been withdrawn in view of the amendment.
- 5. Claim 8 rejected under 35 USC 112, second paragraph has been withdrawn in view of the amendment.

# Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 8 has been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Application/Control Number: 10/618,957 Page 3

Art Unit: 1772

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

7. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

8. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 8, the phrase "pyrrolidium ring" is found to be confusing because it appears to be a spelling error as a search of the phrase did not uncover any references. However, when the term is modified to "pyrrolidinium ring", many reference were uncovered. Applicant is requested to either correct the spelling in the claims, as well in the specification, or provide explanation as to why the provided spelling is correct and how does it differentiate from "Pyrrolidinium ring".

### **Double Patenting**

9. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Art Unit: 1772

10. Claim 8 is provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-14 of copending Application No. 10/969236. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both the instant application and the application 236 are directed to a surface protective structure comprising a base film, an adhesive layer provided on one surface of the film and an antistatic layer provided on the other surface of the film. However, application 236 fails to claim that the structure is transparent, and that the antistatic layer comprises a polymer having pyrrolidium ring in the main chain. It would have been obvious to modify application 236 by providing pyrrolidium ring containing polymer as the antistatic layer because it is disclosed in paragraph [0037], that the structure will exhibit transparency as all the materials are the same.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

11. Claim 8 is provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-5 of copending Application No. 11/090813. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both the applications are directed to the structure comprising a base layer with adhesive on one surface and antistatic layer on the other surface thereof. However, the application'813 fails to teach that the antistatic is a pyrrolidium ring containing polymer. It would have been obvious to one having

Art Unit: 1772

ordinary skill in the art to modify application'813 by providing pyrrolidium ring containing polymer as the antistatic layer as discussed in paragraph-[0043] and the structure will exhibit transparency as all the layer are the of the same amterial.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

12. Claim 8 is provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-16 of copending Application No. 11/073456. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both the applications are directed to a surface protective film structure comprising a base layer with adhesive on one surface ans antistatic polymer containing pyrrolidium ring on the other surface..

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

13. Claim 8 is provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-5 of copending Application No. 10/619516 in view of Takeda (5082730). Application'516 relates to a surface protective film structure as is being claimed. However, it fails to show that the base layer has antistatic layer on the surface opposite from the adhesive surface. Application'516 also teaches in paragraph-[0040], the presence of antistatic layer on the base layer but fails tot each that the antistatic layer is pyrrolidium ring containing

Art Unit: 1772

polymer. Takeda discloses antistatic layer provided on a polyester film base to provide the desired antistatic characteristics.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection.

#### **ABSTRACT**

14. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

The abstract should be provided in a single paragraph.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nasser Ahmad whose telephone number is 571-272-1487. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30 AM to 5:00 PM, and on alternate Friday.

Art Unit: 1772

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Harold Pyon can be reached on 571-272-1498. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Nasser Ahmad

Primary Examiner

Art Unit 1772

N. Ahmad. October 19, 2005.